Program	: Degree	Class: B.S.	ART A: Introduction c. Year: III Year Session: 2	023-24	
riogram	i. Degitee		ject: Computer Science		
1.	Course Code		S3-COSC1D		
2.	Course Title		Operating System (Group A - Paper I) (Theory)		
3.	Course Type (Core Course/Elective/Generic Elective/ Vocational		Discipline Specific Elective		
4.	Pre-Requisite (if any)		This course can be opted as an elective by the students of Computer Science.		
5. Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)		comes	Computer Science.  After the completion of this course, a student shall be able to do the following:  Describe the importance of computer system resources and the role of operating system in their management policies and algorithms.  Specify objectives of modern operating systems and describe how operating systems have evolved over time.  Understand various process management concepts and calcompare various scheduling techniques, synchronization, and deadlocks.  Describe the concepts of multithreading and memory management techniques.  Identify the best suited memory management technique for any process.  Describe various file operations, file allocation methods and disk space management.  To understand and identify potential threats to operating systems and the security features design to guard against them.  Learn to operate the Linux system, along with its administration and Shell programming  Getting to know the Android OS and its application		
6.	Credit Value		Theory - 4 Credits		
7.	Total Marks		Max. Marks : 30+70 Min. Passing Marks: 35		
		PART	B: Content of the Course	00 0	
	No. of	Lectures (in	hours per week): 2 Lectures per week		
		Total	No. of Lectures: 60 Hrs.		
Module		E S	Topics	No. of Lecture	
Ι	Introduction to Operating System: What is Operating System? History and Evolution of OS, Basic OS functions, Resource Abstraction, Types of Operating Systems— Multiprogramming Systems, Batch Systems, Time Sharing Systems; Operating Systems for Personal Computers, Workstations and Hand-held Devices, Process Control & Real time Systems.				



	Keywords: Functions of OS, resource abstractions, multiprogramming, time sharing, workstation.	
II	Process Management: Process Concepts, Process states & Process Control Block.  Process Scheduling: Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms (Preemptive & Non- Preemptive) – FCFS, SJF, SRTN, RR, Priority, Multiple-Processor, Real-Time, Multilevel Queue and Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduling.  Deadlock - Definition, Deadlock Characterization, Necessary and Sufficient Conditions for Deadlock.  Deadlock Handling Approaches: Prevention, Avoidance, Detection and Recovery.	10
	Keywords: process states, preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling, FCFS, SJF, RR, deadlock.	
III	Memory Management: Introduction, Address Binding, Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous & Non-Contiguous Allocation, Fragmentation (Internal & External), Compaction, Paging, Segmentation, Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Performance of Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms.  File Management: Concept of File System (File Attributes, Operations, Types), Functions of File System, Types of File System, Access Methods (Sequential, Direct & other methods), Directory Structure (Single-Level, Two-Level, Tree-Structured, Acyclic-Graph, General Graph), Allocation Methods (Contiguous, Linked, Indexed).	10
	Keywords: swapping, fragmentation, paging, virtual memory, file management, directory structure.	
IV	Disk Management: Structure, Disk Scheduling Algorithms (FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, C-SCAN, LOOK), Swap Space Management, Disk Reliability, Recovery.  Security: Security Threats, Security policy mechanism, Protection, Trusted Systems, Authentication and Internal Access Authorization, Windows Security.  LINUX: Introduction, History and features of Linux, advantages, hardware requirements for installation, Linux architecture, file system of Linux - boot block, super block, inode table, data blocks.  Linux standard directories, Linux kernel, Partitioning the hard drive for Linux, installing the Linux system, system - startup and shut-down process, init and run levels. Process, Swap, Partition, fdisk, checking disk free spaces.  Difference between CLI OS & GUI OS, Windows v/s Linux, Importance of Linux Kernel, Files and Directories. Concept of Open Source Software.	10
	Keywords: disk scheduling, recovery, authorization, boot block, kernel, partitioning, open source.	
V	Linux Administration:  Types of user-Root and normal user, Multiple logins at same time (Ctrl + Alt + F1, F2F6), who command.  Help: whatis,help, man command.  Basic Commands:  For displaying current directory, files and directories of current/absolute/relative location(s), creating, removing, renaming, copying and moving files or directories.  For comparing, and editing file content, displaying file content(s) with tr, head, tail, last, grep, sort, piping.	



Searching file content or searching file within different directories based on particular search criteria.

For implementing general purpose utilities – calendar, date, calculator, basic arithmetic expressions, compression and extraction of file/directory.

Text editors: vi, joe, vim, gedit, atom, nano etc. Command mode & Insert mode, cut, yank, undo.

Managing multiple processes: connecting processes with pipes, tee, redirecting input output, changing process priority with nice, cron commands, kill, ps.

Managing user accounts- Sudo, users: useradd, usermod, userdel, passwd.

Group: Primary & Secondary Group, chgrp, chown, groupadd, groupdel.

Permissions: adding and removing permissions.

Package installation through GUI/ apt-get/yum/dnf.

Keywords: head, tail, grep, sort, piping, yank, kill, chgrp, chown, groupadd.

VI Shell Programming: Types of Shells, Shell Meta Characters - \$#, \$\*,\$?, Shell Variables, Shell Scripts, Debugging scripts, echo, read, operators, keywords, Integer Arithmetic and String Manipulation, Functions, I/O Redirection and Piping.

Decision Making: if-else-elif-fi, case-esac.

Loop Control: while, for, until, break & continue.

**Automation and Exception Handling**: Creating shell programs for automating tasks, file handling, trapping signals etc.

**Android Operating System:** Introduction, Development Framework, Application Architecture, Process Management and File System, Small Application Development using Android Development Framework.

**Indian contribution to the field** – the BOSS operating system, open source softwares, growth of LINUX, Aryabhatt Linux, contributions of innovators – Rajen Sheth, Sunder Pichai etc.

Keywords: shell programming, exception handling, Android development framework. BOSS OS, Linux, Arya Bhatt, Rajen Sheth, Sunder Pichai.

# **PART C: Learning Resources**

Textbooks, Reference Books, Other Resources

## Suggested Readings

#### Textbooks:

- A Silberschatz, P.B. Galvin, G. Gagne, Operating Systems Concepts, John Wiley Publications.
- A.S. Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, Pearson Education.
- J.L.Peterson, Operating System Concepts.
- Sumitabh Das, Linux, TMH.

#### Reference Books:

- G. Nutt, Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, Pearson Education.
- W. Stallings, Operating Systems, Internals & Design Principles, Pearson Education.
- M. Milenkovic, Operating Systems- Concepts and Design, Tata McGraw Hill.

## Suggestive digital platform web links

https://web.iitd.ac.in/~minati/MTL458.html

https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~mythili/os/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aCJ3YgoolHQ

Suggested equivalent online courses

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102132/



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PART D: Assessment and Evaluation						
Suggested Evaluation Methods:						
Maximum Marks: 100						
Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation	on (CCE): 30 Marks Universit	y Exam (UE): 70 Marks				
Internal Assessment: Continuous	Class Tests/ Presentation /	30 Marks				
Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE)	Assignment					
External Assessment:	Section (A): Very Short	70 Marks				
Hairanita Francisco (HE)	Questions					
University Exam (UE):	Section (B): Short Questions					
Time: 03.00 Hours	Section (C): Long Questions					



Drogen	n. Dogwaa			ART A: Introduction	naion: 2022 24	
riogran	n: Degree		Class: B.S	c. Year: III Year Seject: Computer Science	ession: 2023-24	
1.	Course Co	da	Suo	S3-COSC1Q		
2.		Course Title				
3.				Operating System Lab (Group A – Paper I) (Practical)		
3.	Course Type (Core Course/Elective/Generic			Discipline Specific Elective		
	Elective/ V		Ü			
4				This are a large to the state of the state o	1	
4.	Pre-Requisite (if any)			This course can be opted as an elective by the students of Computer Science.		
5.	Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)		mes	After the completion of this course, a sable to do the following:	student shall be	
				<ul> <li>Operate the Linux system, along with its administration and Shell programming.</li> <li>Understand and be familiar with the Linux</li> </ul>		
				environment.	anux	
				<ul> <li>Learn and run the various Linux com</li> </ul>	nands.	
				<ul> <li>Use vi editor for programming.</li> </ul>		
		15 W		<ul> <li>Learn and run the shell scripting prog</li> </ul>	rams.	
	O 1'4 W 1					
6.	Credit Val			Practical – 2 Credits		
7.				Max. Marks: 100 Min. Passing M	arks: 35	
				B: Content of the Course		
		No. of La		lls (in hours per week): 1 Lab. per week		
				tal No. of Lab.: 30 Hrs.		
			Suggesti	ve List of Practicals	No. of Labs.	
	I.	Linux:			30	
		,	Directory	Commands: pwd, mkdir, rm -rf, ls, cd, cd/		
	70	, cd ~				
		b) Linux rename		nands: touch, cat, cat >>, cat >>, rm, cp, mv,		
		c) Linux	Permission	n Commands: su, id, useradd, passwd,		
		groupa	dd, chmod,	groupdel, chown, chgrp		
		d) Linux	File Conte	ent & Filter Commands: head, tail, tac,		
			ess, grep, c	eat, cut, grep, comm, sed, tee, tr, uniq, wc,		
				mmands: find, bc, locate, date, cal, sleep,		
		.5		xit, clear, gzip, gunzip.		
				ng Commands: ip, ssh, mail, ping, host		
				to wall message on system on particular		
		-	tomatically			
				e file, edit, save and quit. Highlighting the		
	2			hin a file, cut, yank, undo.		
					1	
	п.	Shell Scrip	oting:			



- b) Write a shell script to access arguments passed on command line.
- Write a shell script to create files with the names passed on command line.
- d) Write a shell script to input number from user and display its factorial.
- e) Write a shell script to input file name and create multiple directories individually for the name in the file given.
- f) Write a shell script to input number from user and display whether it is prime number or not.
- g) Write a shell script to list all the files in any directory given by the user
- Write a shell script that receives any number of file names as arguments checks if every argument supplied is a file or a directory.

# **PART C: Learning Resources**

Textbooks, Reference Books, Other Resources

# Suggested Readings

- Richard Peterson, Linux: The Complete Reference, TMH
- Sumitabh Das , Linux , McGraw Hill
- Jason Cannon, Linux for Beginners, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform
- William E. Shotts Jr., The Linux Command Line: A Complete Introduction, O'Reilly Media, Inc.

## Suggestive digital platform web links

https://web.iitd.ac.in/~minati/MTL458.html

https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~mythili/os/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aCJ3YgoolHQ

# Suggested equivalent online courses

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102132/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OHCMfsNpqCc

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Any remarks/ suggestions:

